

Laborprüfung Laboratory testing Zertifizierung Certification

eco-INSTITUT-Label

Test criteria: Derived timber products / construction boards

(Status: September 2018)

A Basic requirements

- Full declaration of materials
- Minimisation requirements for substances with dangerous properties according to dangerous substances regulations.
- Compliance with limit values for harmful substances (refer to C laboratory examinations)
- Compliance with the provisions of the European (e.g. REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Biocidal products Regulation (EU) 528/2012) and German chemicals legislation

Materials with the following classifications may not be used in the product: Substances according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 Category Carc. 1A and 1B, Muta. 1A and 1B, Repr. 1A and 1B Substances according to national law (TRGS 905): Category K1A and K1B, M1A and M1B, R1A and R1B Substances according to MAK lists III1 and III2 Substances according to IARC groups 1 and 2A Substances requiring official approval as per Appendix XIV of the REACH regulations Substances of very high concern according to REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Article 59, paragraph 1 (SVHC, Candidate List) POPs (Persistent Organic Pollutants) according to Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 Arsenic, lead, cadmium, mercury and compounds Organic compounds of tin Antimony trioxide HFC Organophosphates Organic halogenated compounds Pyrethroids Phthalatic acid esters, Terephthalatic acid esters (apart from PET), DINCH Substances with WGK 3 (German water hazard class 3) Substances with the following classification (H-Statement or R-Statement):

| Description | | H-Statement (CLP Regulation) | R-Statement (Regulation 67/548/EEC) |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|
| | Fatal if swallowed. | H300 | R28 |
| Fatal | Fatal in contact with skin. | H310 | R27 |
| | Fatal if inhaled. | H300 | R26 |
| Toxic | Toxic if swallowed. | H301 (> 0.1 %) | R25 (> 0.1 %) |
| | Toxic in contact with skin. | H311 (> 0.1 %) | R24 (> 0.1 %) |
| | Toxic if inhaled. | , , | R23 (> 0.1 %) |
| Specific target organ toxicity | Cause damage to organs. | H370 | R39 |
| | May cause damage to organs. | H371 | R68 |
| | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. | H372 | R48 |
| | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. | H373 | к48 |



Nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 akkreditiertes Prüflabor





| Description | | H-Statement (CLP Regulation) | R-Statement (Regulation 67/548/EEC) |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Sensitization of respiratory tract | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. | H334 | R42 |
| Carcio acopicity | May cause cancer. | H350 | R45 |
| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. | H351 | R40 |
| Mutaaaaisitu | May cause genetic defects. | H340 H341 | R46 |
| Mutagenicity | Suspected of causing genetic defects. | | R68 |
| | May damage fertility or the unborn child. | H360 | R60, R61 |
| Reproductive toxicity | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. | H361 | R62, R63 |
| | May cause harm to breast-fed children. | H362 | |
| Acute hazardous to water | Very toxic to aquatic life. | H400 | R50 |
| Chronically hazardous | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | H410 | R50/53 |
| to water ' | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | H411 (> 1 %) | R51/R53 (> 1 %) |
| Hazardous to ozone layer | Hazardous to the ozone layer. | EUH 059 | |

B Special requirements

- Tropical timber may only be used if it comes from sustainable forestry (proof: FSC or similar certification system).
- PUR / Polyurea adhesive on the basis of isocyanates are allowed.

C Laboratory examinations

| Test parameter | Limit value | Test method |
|---|--|---|
| Emission test | | · |
| TVOC (total volatile organic compounds) | \leq 3000 µg/m ³ (3 days after test chamber loading) \leq 300 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| VOC (incl. VVOC and SVOC) with the following categorisations: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008: Category Carc. 1A and 1B, Muta. 1A and 1B, Repr. 1A and 1B; TRGS 905: K1A, K1B, M1A, M1B, R1A, R1B; IARC: Group 1 and 2A; DFG (MAK list): Categories III1, III2 | \leq 1 µg/m ³ (3 days after test chamber loading) | |
| VOC (sum) without NIK | \leq 100 µg/m³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| VOC (individual values): | | |
| Sum of bicyclic terpenes | $\leq 200~\mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Sum of sensitising materials with the following categorisations: DFG (MAK list): Category IV, TRGS 907 | $\leq 100 \ \mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | DIN EN 16516, DIN ISO 16000-6, DIN E ISO 16000-9 Test chamber condition: cf. testing manual |
| Sum of VOC (incl. VVOC and SVOC) with the following categorisations: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008: Category Carc. 2, Muta. 2, Repr. 2; TRGS 905: K2, M2, R2; IARC: Group 2B; DFG (MAK list): III3 | \leq 50 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Sum C9 – C14 Alkanes / Isoalkanes | $\leq 200~\mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Sum C4 – C11 Aldehydes, acyclic, aliphatic | \leq 100 $\mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Sum C6 – C15 Alkyl benzenes | \leq 100 $\mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Sum Cresols | \leq 5 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Sum Xylenes | \leq 100 $\mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| VOC (individual substances): | | |
| Styrene | \leq 10 μ g/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Methylisothiazolinone (MIT) | \leq 1 $\mu g/m^{3}$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Benzisothiazolinone (BIT) | $\leq 5~\mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Octylisothiazolinone (OIT) | $\leq 1 \ \mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) $\leq 20 \ \mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) $\leq 100 \ \mu g/m^3$ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Benzaldehyde | | |
| 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol, Ethylene glycol mono-butyl ether, 2-Hexoxyethanol, Methyl-isobutylketone (Limit value per single substance) | | |
| 2-Butoxyethylacetate | \leq 200 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | 7 |
| Glycol ethers with insufficient data ¹ (Limit value per single substance) | 0.005 ppm (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Propane-1,2-diol | \leq 60 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| 2-Phenoxyethanol | \leq 30 µg/m³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| Phenol | \leq 20 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| TSVOC (total semi-volatile organic compounds) | \leq 100 μ g/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | |
| R value | \leq 1.0 (28 days after test chamber loading) | |

¹ cf. Announcement of the Ad-hoc Working Group on Indoor Guidelines of the Indoor Air Hygiene Committee and of the Supreme State Health Authorities: Richtwerte für Glykolether und Glykolester in der Innenraumluft, Bundesgesundheitsblatt, February 2013, Volume 56, Issue 2, pp 286-320 An exceedance of this limit value will not yet result automatically in a refusal.

| Derived timber products / construction boards | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Test parameter | Limit value | Test method | | | |
| Emission test | | | | | |
| Isocyanate monomers (only when utilising relevant substances) | $\leq 1 \ \mu g/m^3$ (TDI, HDI) $\leq 2 \ \mu g/m^3$ (MDI) (24 days after test chamber loading) | Extraction, HPLC/UV detection | | | |
| Formaldehyde | \leq 36 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | following DIN EN 717- 1, DIN ISO 16000-3 | | | |
| Acetaldehyde | \leq 36 µg/m ³ (28 days after test chamber loading) | | | | |
| Odour | \leq Grade 3 (24 hours after loading of desiccator) | following VDA 270; 23°C | | | |
| Content analysis (surface coating) | | | | | |
| AOX (adsorbable organic halogenated compounds) | ≤ 1.0 mg/kg | DIN EN ISO 9562 | | | |
| EOX (extractable organic halogenated compounds) | ≤ 2.0 mg/kg | following DIN 38414- S17 | | | |